**LEARN CSS: SELECTORS AND VISUAL RULES**

**Healthy Recipes**

Using CSS selectors, you’ll give a recipe website some new style!

**1.**

Before you begin, take a look at the site's structure in **index.html**.

Start by making the image at the top of the page a little smaller. Navigate to **style.css**and write a CSS selector for the img tag.

Within its curly braces, write:

height: 150px;

Try experimenting with the 150 number and observing the results.

**2.**

The font size of the recipe description should be larger. In **style.css**, write a CSS selector for the .description class.

Within its curly braces, add the following CSS:

font-size: 20px;

**3.**

Next, let’s style the cooking time. The element on line 15 of **index.html** has an idattribute of cook-time. Navigate to **style.css**and add a cook-time ID selector.

Inside of its curly braces, write:

font-weight: bold;

**4.**

Now, let’s change the bullet points of the ingredient list to squares instead of circles. Start by writing a selector for the lielements inside of the .ingredientselement.

Then, write this inside of its curly braces:

list-style: square;

**5.**

Next let’s make the time for each preparation step appear gray. In **style.css**, write a selector for p elements that also have a class of .time.

Then, inside of this selector’s curly braces, write:

color: gray;

**6.**

At the bottom of the page, there’s a link to the full recipe. Let’s make the link a different color.

Notice that in **index.html**, on line 42, there is a p element with a class of citation, then an a element inside of it with a class of external-link. Navigate to **style.css** and write a selector using external-link class.

Then, add this code inside of the selector’s curly braces:

color: SeaGreen;

**7.**

Finally, let’s make the font Helvetica instead of the default Times New Roman. Instead of writing multiple selectors to apply the font-family property, write a selector that applies a font-family attribute to all text at once.

The selector should target the  h1, h2, p, and li elements.

To change their font, include this line of code inside the curly braces:

font-family: Helvetica;